

LONG SESSION IS AHEAD

No One Guesses on the End
of Congress

A LONG, LIVELY DEBATE

Expected on Taft's Measures—Most of Them Probably Will Be Passed.
Democrats on Committee Will Make Minority Reports.

Washington, March 1.—Although Congress has been in session nearly three months, no leader of either party has tried to predict the date of final adjournment. The uncertainty is due chiefly to the opposition against some of the administration measures and the fact that debate is likely to continue many weeks over nearly every one of the president's bills; but it is believed that most of them will be enacted into law. This is true as to the interstate commerce bill, two of the conservation measures, court injunction, legislation and postal savings banks. Statehood bills may be made the objects of severe attack, but Senator Beveridge, who will report the Senate measure, expresses the opinion that it will not fail.

The Senate cost of living investigation committee has completed its working program, and it is likely that day and night sessions soon will be held. There is still a minority vacancy on the committee, no Democrat having been found willing to succeed Senator Chamberlain. It has been suggested that Senator Percy may have this important task thrust upon him when he arrives this week to succeed Colonel Gordon of Mississippi. Virtually no business will be done in the Senate, except the consideration of appropriation bills, until after the vote on Thursday on the postal savings bank bill.

The next bill of importance to be considered is the interstate commerce measure. Already it has been reported from the committee, but it will be accompanied by the views of the minority. Whether the Democrats will join Senators Cummings and Clapp in opposition to the bill is not yet clear. Representative Townsend of Michigan, who is the special champion of the president's measure, is seeking to have the bill reported without amendment, as was accomplished in the Senate. If he succeeds, it is almost certain that a minority report will be filed.

The statement made by President Comptroller of the American Federation of Labor in opposition to the Moon bill relating to court injunctions, accounted one of the administration bills, indicates that this measure also will encounter rough spots in its journey through Congress. If hearings on the bill are granted by the House judiciary committee, opposition may be expected from prominent labor leaders. The Senate committee on judiciary does not expect to take up this subject at all until some action is had in the House on the Moon bill. If the Moon bill is passed, doubtless it will be reported to the Senate without delay.

OPPOSE NEW IMMIGRATION LAW.

Publishers of Foreign Language Newspapers Appeal to the President.

Washington, March 1.—A large committee of publishers of foreign language newspapers called upon the president yesterday and were introduced by Secretary Nagel. Their purpose will be to protest against the enactment of the Hayes and Overman bill, which proposed to severely restrict immigration by the imposition of educational tests and other requirements. The committee told the president these provisions would amount to a practical prohibition.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance, the kidneys become diseased and blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, head ache, back ache, lame back, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and better health is that organ is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. Swamp-Root corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest because of its remarkable health restoring properties. A trial will convince anyone. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, and don't let a dealer sell you something in place of Swamp-Root—If you do you will be disappointed.

The Fight Is On

Every moment of your life, when you are at home or abroad, awake or asleep—Between the poison germs that are in air, food and water, everywhere in fact, and the billions of your invisible friends, the little soldier-corpsicles in your blood. If these little soldiers are kept strong and healthy by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, you need have no fear of disease. Begin using it at once if you are at all under the weather, or have troubles of the blood, stomach, liver and kidneys. Get it of your druggist.

KIDNEY OR BLADDER DISORDERS VANISH

A Few Doses end Backache and Bladder Misery and Restore Healthy Kidney Action.

A real surprise awaits every sufferer from any kidney or bladder trouble, who takes several doses of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Misery in the back, sides or loins, sick headache, nervousness, rheumatism pains, heart palpitations, dizziness, sleeplessness, inflamed or swollen eyelids, lack of energy and all symptoms of out-of-order kidneys simply vanish.

Uncontrollable urination (especially at night), smarting, offensive and discolored water and other bladder misery ends. The moment you suspect kidney or urinary disorder, or feel any rheumatism, begin taking this harmless medicine, with the knowledge that there is no other remedy at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which will effect so thorough and prompt a cure as a fifty-cent treatment of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which any druggist can supply.

It is needless to feel miserable and worried, because this unusual preparation goes at once to the out-of-order kidneys and urinary system, distributing its cleansing, healing and strengthening influence directly upon the organs and glands affected, and completes the cure before you realize it.

Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a large and responsible medicine concern, thoroughly worthy of your confidence.

Only curative results can come from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and a few days' treatment will make anyone feel fine.

Accept only Hood's Sarsaparilla—fifty-cent treatment—any drug store—anywhere in the world.

tion of immigration and would exclude the strong men and women who are needed to develop the resources of the country. The president listened attentively and told his callers that owing to press of other business he had had no opportunity to study the bill. If the measure should pass he promised to give the committee a further hearing before he acted upon it.

BUGHER NOT TO BE SURVEYOR.

President Taft Apparently Needs Protest of New York Republicans.

Washington, March 1.—It was learned yesterday that President Taft had given up the idea of appointing Frederick H. Bugher deputy police commissioner of New York as surveyor of the port there.

Ever since it was intimated that the president might make this appointment there has been a storm of protest from the Republican leaders in New York on the ground that Mr. Bugher was a Democrat. Mr. Bugher has been here since Sunday and had a talk with President Taft about the matter of his appointment. Senator Root and several congressmen also saw the president yesterday. The matter of selecting a successor to Surveyor Clarkson is not pressing, as the latter's term does not expire until April 15.

TO RAISE THE MAINE.

Favorable Action on Bill Appropriating Funds For This Enterprise.

Washington, March 1.—A subcommittee of the house naval committee yesterday took favorable action upon a bill appropriating funds for the raising of the wreck of the Maine and the proper equipment of the bones of the American sailors.

HEIKE'S TRIAL DELAYED.

Court Likely to Uphold His Right to an Appeal on Immunity Question.

Washington, March 1.—After a sharp conflict between the counsel concerned, the supreme court of the United States yesterday declined to vacate the order Justice Lurton issued Friday, last, staying the trial of Charles R. Heike, a former official of the American Sugar Refining company, until the supreme court review of the decision of the district court for the southern district of New York in regard to his immunity plea. Heike is charged with conspiracy to defraud the government in the weighing of sugar imported. It did, however, take the matter under consideration with the possibility that it may later vacate the order.

New York, March 1.—Heike's trial, with that of several other former sugar company employees, was set some time ago for to-day in the United States circuit court here. Failure of the United States supreme court to vacate the stay in Heike's case will probably cause an indefinite halt in the proceedings, as the federal prosecutor's office here has indicated that it does not wish to proceed with the trial of the defendants without the induction of Heike.

FAST TRAIN DERAILED.

Twentieth Century Limited Leaves the Iron at Ousted Falls.

Cleveland, O., March 1.—Train No. 25, the west bound twentieth century limited, on the Lake Shore, due in Chicago at 9:30 a. m., was derailed while running at high speed at Ousted Falls, 30 miles west of Cleveland, at about three o'clock yesterday morning. Two or three passengers are reported only slightly injured.

ROOT AND THE INCOME TAX

Disagrees With Views of Governor Hughes

HE STATES HIS POSITION

In a letter to the New York Legislature—He Tells Why He Favors an Income Tax, and the Proposed Law.

Albany, N. Y., March 1.—Elliott Root's reason for advocating the proposed income tax amendment and his views on the subject as opposed to those of Governor Hughes, who has publicly opposed the amendment, were presented to the New York legislature last night in the form of a letter addressed to State Senator Davenport. Senator Davenport presented the letter to the Senate, and it was also read in the assembly. The letter is as follows:—

"My Dear Senator:—Since our conversation last March, I have given much solicitation to the scope and effect of the proposed income tax amendment to the constitution of the United States.

"Much as I respect the opinion of the governor of the state, I cannot agree with the view expressed in his special message of January 5, and as I advocated in the Senate the resolution to submit the proposed amendment, it seems appropriate that I should state my view of its effect.

"The objection made to the amendment is that it will confer upon the national government the power of tax incomes derived from bonds issued by the states or under the authority of the states, and will place the borrowing capacity of the state and its governmental agencies at the mercy of the federal taxing power.

"I do not find in the amendment any such meaning or effect. I do not consider that the amendment in any degree whatever will enlarge the taxing power of the national government or will have any effect except to relieve the exercise of that taxing power from the requirement that the tax shall be apportioned among the several states. The effect of the amendment will be, in my view, the same as if it said, 'The United States may lay a tax on incomes without apportioning the tax, and this shall be applicable whatever the source of the income subject to the tax, leaving the question, 'What incomes are subject to national taxation?' to be determined by the same principles and rules which are now applicable to the determination of that question.

"The amendment will be no new grant of power. The Congress already has power to impose taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, subject to the rule of construction which excluded state securities from the operation of the power; but the taxes so imposed must be apportioned among the states. Under the proposed amendment, there will be the same and no greater power to tax incomes from whatever source derived, subject to the same rule of construction, but relieved from the requirement that the tax shall be apportioned.

"It appears, therefore, that no danger to the power or instrumentalities of the state is to be apprehended from the adoption of the amendment.

"It would be cause for regret if the amendment were rejected by the legislature of New York.

"The circumstances that originally justified the establishment of the rule of apportionment in the constitution have long since passed away. It is universally conceded that its application to existing conditions would be so unjust and inequitable as to be impossible. The power of taxation which the rule makes it impossible for the nation to exercise may again, as it has once been, be vital to the preservation of national existence. It would be most unfortunate if the several states of the Union were to insist upon the continuance of this unjust and useless limitation upon the necessary powers originally and wisely granted to the national government."

Senator Davenport said that Mr. Root had taken this rather informal method of communicating his ideas, because he felt it to be the business of the governor, rather than of a senator, to send a formal message to the legislature.

D. F. DAVIS' SUCCESS.

D. F. Davis, the enterprising druggist, rather than await the ordinary methods of introduction, urged the Dr. Howard Co. to secure a quick sale for their celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia by offering the regular 50¢ bottle at half price.

In addition to selling a 30¢ bottle of Dr. Howard's specific for 25¢, D. F. Davis has so much faith in the remedy that he will refund the money to anyone whom it does not cure.

When your head aches, your stomach does not digest food easily and naturally, when there is constipation, speak before the eyes, tired feeling, dizziness, heart, taste in the mouth, coated tongue, heartburn, sour stomach, roaring or ringing in the ears, melancholy and liver troubles. Dr. Howard's specific will cure you. If it does not, it will not cost you a cent.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.35 to \$4. SHOES BOYS SHOES



THE LARGEST MAKER AND RETAILER OF MEN'S FINE SHOES IN THE WORLD.
"SUPERIOR TO OTHER MAKES."
"I have worn W. L. Douglas shoes for the past six years, and always find they are far superior to all other high grade shoes in style, comfort and durability."
W. G. JONES.
10 Howard Ave., Utica, N. Y.
If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would realize why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

CAUTION—See that W. L. Douglas name and price is blown in the bottom of each shoe. If your shoes cannot fit you with W. L. Douglas shoes, send them back to the factory. W. L. Douglas shoes, Brockton, Mass.
FOR SALE BY
GEORGE N. TILDEN, BARRÉ, VT.

"NOT MY BROTHER" IS W. G. RUSSELL'S REPLY IN COURT

Melrose Recluse Makes His Appearance to Testify Against Claim of Man Calling Himself D. B. Russell.

Cambridge, Mass., March 1.—For the first time in the 97 days over which the Russell will case has extended, the claimant for a share in the estate of the late William Russell of Melrose and William C. Russell, who for two years has been the principal beneficiary under the will, faced each other in court yesterday.

One of the mysteries which has surrounded this record breaking case, has been the absence of William C. Russell.

The claimant, who says that he is Daniel Blake Russell, an own brother to William C. Russell, but who is charged with being James Delbert Rousseau of Dickinson, N. D., has been a constant attendant in court and was on the witness stand for two weeks. There was no sign of recognition as the two men appeared in the court room yesterday, but they gazed at each other long and steadily.

Meanwhile the case had started up again with a continuation of the effort to credit or discredit the parentage of the claimant. The end is so far away that no one even thinks of it.

METROPOLITAN TO BE SOLD.

\$10,000,000 Must Be Paid For New York Traction Property.

New York, March 1.—The United States circuit court of appeals modified and then affirmed yesterday the decree of foreclosure granted by Judge Taft against the Metropolitan Street Railway company. The decree, as amended, says that the purchaser shall pay at least \$10,000,000 in cash, and that the whole system is to be sold as an entirety. In case there is no bid of \$10,000,000, the decree provides for putting up the property into parcels, and offering the parcels from the auction block.

REBELS THREATEN MANAGUA?

This the Statement Forwarded to New Orleans by Estrada.

New Orleans, March 1.—A cablegram received here from General Estrada, head of the insurgent movement in Nicaragua, by the consular general of the provisional government of that country, says:

"General Emiliano Chamorro is threatening Managua. Conditions excellent."

FRENCH ABBE IS FINED.

Second French Prelate to Be Condemned in School Text Books Suits.

Bayonne, France, March 1.—The court yesterday condemned the Abbe of Argelos to pay a fine of \$40 and the costs of the action brought against him because he had forbidden Catholic school children to use the interdicted text books under pain of a refusal of the sacrament to their parents and of the first communion to the children.

HOGS STILL CLIMBING.

Sales at Chicago at \$9.92½ Per Hundred Weight—Pork \$24.70 a Barrel.

Chicago, March 1.—Live hogs advanced still closer to the \$10 mark yesterday, sales being made at \$9.92½ per hundred weight. Pork followed the lead and advanced Saturday, the top price yesterday being \$24.70 per barrel for the May delivery.

Above \$10 at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 1.—A new high mark was made in the local market yesterday when hogs sold at \$10.05 per hundred weight. This is the first time prices have passed the high price of \$10 in the Indianapolis stock yards.

Guaranteed Liquor Cure

Drunkennes is a progressive disease, the moderate drinker is not satisfied with two or three drinks a day, the craving for more and more becomes irresistible as the disease advances; the result is chronic alcoholism.

The treatment used successfully by thousands right in their own homes is Orin. It is sold under a positive guarantee to effect a cure or your money will be refunded.

Orin No. 1 is the secret remedy. Orin No. 2 is for those willing to take the treatment. Either form costs \$1. For free booklet write The Orin Co., 336 Orin Building, Washington, D. C. Sold by leading druggists and in this city by Dr. H. W. Grove, 160 North Main street.

TAWNEY LOADS HIS GUNS

Defends Treasury From Naval Attack

CONSTRUCTION POLICY

Fraught with Danger—Blames Shipbuilders for a War Scare—Estimates Forerunner of Bankruptcy for the Nation.

Washington, March 1.—Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the House committee on appropriations, announces his complete opposition to the government's naval program as it was outlined Saturday to the committee by Secretary Meyer. Mr. Tawney foresees bankruptcy of the government if such programs are adhered to, and he charges their agitation to a conspiracy by the shipbuilding interests of the United States. "Those interests," he said, "are even now getting ready to start another war scare, Japanese, German or otherwise, with a view to stimulate popular favor for an extravagant outlay for the navy."

The "competitive shipbuilding scheme" which Mr. Tawney says is sought by Secretary Meyer is in his opinion fraught with danger, and in the opinion necessary will compel levying greatly increased taxes or render necessary a bond issue.

"If the treasury is not to be drained, 'I have read of the government's tentative naval program with profound astonishment,' said Mr. Tawney in his statement. "One reason for my surprise at the more ambitious naval program which is suggested is the fact that it involves a great increase in our now enormously large appropriations for naval purposes, without taxing it on any necessary basis ever as a means of national defense, and also without any regard whatever to the fact that in this fiscal year we are facing a deficit and that next fiscal year we shall be near our aggregate revenues in the amount appropriated this session.

"If our naval policy is to be determined by our ability to compete with other nations in the number and size of our battleships, then the naval policy in question should be adopted and carried out without reference either to our necessities for national defense or the adequacy of the public revenues to meet the expenditures necessary to gratify our national ambition. In view of our geographical isolation, which as a means of national defense is worth more to us than the largest naval fleet any nation in the world possesses, and also in view of the fact that in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1909, we expended 71 per cent. of our government revenues on account of wars we have had and wars we are preparing for, it is rather amazing we laid a naval program proposed that will so greatly increase our appropriations under this head.

"We are at peace with all the world. There is not even a prospect of our becoming involved in war with a foreign nation. It seems almost incredible that anyone would suggest the adoption of a naval program which will involve the expenditure of more money than we have under existing revenue laws, and a policy, too, which will virtually put out of commission at least half of our war vessels by making them inferior in size and efficiency by comparison with these giant battleships now proposed."

CANNOT SECURE BAIL.

And Coleman is Quarantined in Jail, Awaiting Trial.

Cambridge, Mass., March 1.—The work of ascertaining the exact condition of the National City bank, whose bookkeeper, George W. Coleman, is under arrest for a shortage of \$100,000, is progressing so satisfactorily, from an expert's standpoint, that former Governor John I. Bates, the receiver, yesterday declined the aid of Coleman in straightening out the accounts.

Bank Examiner E. S. Pepper, who was suspended by the comptroller of the currency on Saturday, passed a few hours at the bank yesterday, as his successor has not yet arrived.

All efforts to obtain the \$30,000 bail for Coleman have failed and the young man, whose life, according to his friends, has been one of luxury, remains in jail and lives on simple prison fare.

WONDERS OF THE X-RAY.

Tack Found in Lung of Child Suffering from Mysterious Fever.

New York, March 1.—By the X-ray it was discovered yesterday that Jacob Miller, nine years old, was not dying from some mysterious lung fever, as his parents thought, but that an irritating brass-headed tack had become imbedded in the upper right lung. It was extracted by introducing a long pair of forceps down the windpipe, guiding them to the right spot with the help of the X-ray. The child admitted on questioning that he had put the nail in his mouth five weeks ago while playing. He had inhaled it in taking a fall. He had not dared to tell his parents for fear of punishment. Surgeons believe that he will recover.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25¢.

The time is here for the purchase of that

Raincoat

you have been contemplating buying.

No finer stock to select from in all Vermont.

And the prices are way below the regular figures.

Come in and make your selection at the low price.

Moore & Owens,

Barré's Leading Clothiers, 122 North Main Street, Barré, Vermont.

CLEVELAND WITHOUT A SPITTER. INDICTED MEN WILL FIGHT.

McGuire's Pitchers Who Depended on Moist Delivery Have Gone.

Cleveland will probably be the only American league club that will not have a spitball artist among its pitching staff and McGuire's corps of fingers is not a small one at that. A few years ago which Prosecutor Garven of Hudson county started yesterday his week's work in following up the grand jury action of last Friday, Mr. Garven declared that if his efforts to bring the "dry spitters" to the fore were successful, he would turn over the evidence in his possession to the federal authorities.

He said pressure was being brought to bear to have him try the corporations first. He intended just the opposite course, however, he declared, and would first move the trial of the indicted individuals.

New York county's high cost of living inquiry, including the investigation of packing houses and cold storage plants, is expected to begin early this week.

Expenses for the arrest of the indicted men and the summoning of the six indicted men corporations were ordered yesterday by Prosecutor Garven of New Jersey, who will later hand them over to Sheriff Kelly for execution. Mr. Garven said:

"The indicted men know of the indictments, their lawyers have conferred about the indictments and proceedings will now take their regular course."

LOANS ON INSURANCE EXEMPT.

Supreme Court Makes a Very Important Decision.

Washington, March 1.—That the so-called "policy loans," or "premium loan notes," of insurance companies are not liable to local taxation was decided yesterday by the supreme court of the United States. The question came up in the case of the Parish of Orleans and the city of New Orleans against the New York Insurance company.

TRUTH CROPS OUT

Why Pile Sufferers So Often Fail to Get Relief.

Science is getting to the bottom of everything, including the cause and cure of piles. The brightest doctors now admit that piles are caused internally and can be cured only by internal treatment. Dr. J. S. Leonard some time ago perfected a remedy in tablet form—Heim-Roid, which cures the cause of piles, and therefore cures permanently. It is sold by Burt H. Wells, Barré, Vt., under money-back guarantee. \$1 for 24 days' treatment. Dr. Leonard Co., Station B, Buffalo, N. Y. Write for booklet.

WALES GOODYEAR RUBBERS

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS
THE ALLEN-BARLETT SHOE CO., BURLINGTON, VT.

In the factory of the Wales-Goodyear Shoe Company at Naugatuck, Connecticut, 30,000 pairs of rubber boots and shoes are made daily, or 6,000,000 pairs a year. This fact is important to you, for it emphasizes the quality of rubber boots and shoes made by this concern fully as much as it signifies the immense number manufactured. With the Wales-Goodyear Company during their 66 years of manufacturing of rubber boots and shoes it has always been **The Best**. With you, too, it should be **The Best** in rubbers—rubbers that are dependable—rubbers that have more wear in them than the cost to you represents. To obtain **The Best** it is necessary you purchase rubber boots and shoes made by the Wales-Goodyear Company.

In your town the chances are every progressive dealer in shoes sells the Wales-Goodyear rubbers. You can easily tell whether you are buying Wales-Goodyear rubbers by inspecting the arch of the sole.

If the picture of the bear is imprinted in the rubber then you are sure of the make—**The Best**. Wise people, seeking protection for the feet, which means a thought for health, insist on wearing the famous rubbers of the Wales-Goodyear make.

Ask for them—Accept no Cheap Imitations.



This stamp on every pair